NAPHTHALENE



1. PERFORMANCE

1) Measuring range : 10-100 ppm Number of pump strokes : $1(100 \text{m} \ell)$

2) Sampling time : 1.5 minutes/1 pump stroke

3) Detectable limit \therefore 2ppm 4) Shelf life \therefore 1 year 5) Operating temperature \therefore 0 \sim 40 $^{\circ}$ C

6) Temperature compensation : Necessary (See "TEMPERATURE CORRECTION TABLE")

7) Reading : Graduations printed on the tube are calibrated by Isobutyl acetate at 1 pump stroke

and Naphthalene is determined by using a conversion chart at pump strokes.

8) Colour change : Pale yellow→Blackish brown

2. RELATIVE STANDARD DEVIATION

RSD-low: 10% RSD-mid.: 5% RSD-high: 5%

3. CHEMICAL REACTION

Chromium oxide is reduced. $C_{10}H_8 + C_7r^6 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow C_7r^3 + C_7r^$

4. CALIBRATION OF THE TUBE

VAPOUR PRESSURE METHOD

5. INTERFERENCE AND CROSS SENSITIVITY

Substance		Interference	Coexistence
Methanol	FIG.1	Pale blue stain is produced.	Higher readings are given.
Butyl acetate		"	"
Aromatic hydrocarbons	FIG.2	Brown stain is produced.	"
Aliphatic hydrocarbons (more than C ₃)		"	"
Esters		"	"





